# YOUR SOLAR QUOTE

## Hi Lacey.

Thanks for choosing us to provide a design for a solar PV system at Village Hall, Ringshall Stocks, Stowmarket, UK, IP14 2JB.

We're delighted to supply the attached proposal for a 13.76 kW solar array.

We expect your system to generate 12,742 kWh of clean electricity every year, and save 2,706 kg CO<sub>2</sub> of carbon.

There are full details on the following pages. We hope you enjoy the read!

Kind regards,

**James Corston** 

Sufffolk Solar



13.76 kW PV System

22 x 430W & 10 x 430W panels, 1 x SolaX X3 G4 15.0kW hybrid



£22,741 inc VAT

Expected payback 7 years. Estimated first year savings £2,534



12,233 kWh/yr

Annual CO2 savings of 2,706 kg

# **System Overview**

Your system comprises **32 DMEGC solar panels** to collect sunlight and turn it into DC electricity.

The panels will be connected to 1 SolaX X3 G4 15.0kW hybrid inverter, which converts the DC electricity into mains (AC) electricity.

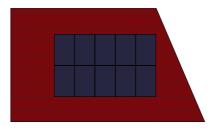
A SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery battery storage system will allow you to store excess energy from sunny days, so that you can use your generated electricity at night too.

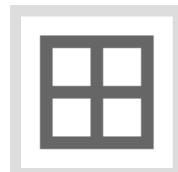
We include all the isolators, wiring and meters needed to connect the system safely to your electrical system. Your system will be installed and certified by our trained installation team.

## **Roof South West**



#### **Roof South East**





## **Solar Panels: DMEGC** x 32

#### DM430M10RT-54HBB DM430M10RT-54HBB-V

Model DM430M10RT-54HBB DM430M10RT-54HBB-V

Power 430 watts

Dimensions 1134 x 1762mm



## Inverter: SolaX X3 G4 15.0kW hybrid

The SolaX G4 has several communication options, can be controlled remotely and has an emergency power system to function through power outages.

AC Power 15000 watts

Trackers

## **System components**



## **Battery: SolaX Triple 5.8kWh LFP Battery**

With a 10-year warranty and 90% depth of discharge, the new Triple Power battery is a flexible, practical, high-performance energy storage.

Capacity Primary: 5.800 kWh, Secondary 5.800 kWh

Quantity 1 x Primary, 3 x Secondary



## Mounting: K2 SingleRail mounting system

Since 2004, K2 Systems has developed pioneering and highly functional mounting system solutions for photovoltaic assemblies around the world.

Designed for Plain Tile roofs
Colour Not specified

# **System Performance**

We have made an estimate of the annual energy generation of your system. This takes into account the following factors that affect the output of a solar array.

#### The location of the system

Sunlight is weaker near the poles than near the equator. We use data from a meteorological model of the intensity of sunlight over the course of the year in different locations all over the world.

#### The orientation of the system

Solar panels that face south receive a little more sunlight than panels that face east or west. However, in diffuse light the orientation of the panels makes little difference, so the effect is less marked than many people imagine.

#### The degree of shading

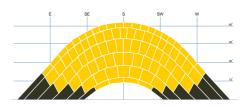
If you have trees, neighbouring buildings or nearby high ground that will shade your PV array, the output of the system will be reduced. We have used a 'sunpath diagram' that estimates how often sunlight will be blocked from reaching the panels.

## **Roof diagram**

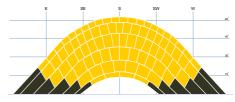


Roof South West Orientation: 36° Pitch: 40°

## Sunpath diagrams



Shade factor: 1.00 Kk: 926



Shade factor: 1.00 Kk: 926

## We expect your system to generate

## 12,742 kWh per year

Installation data

Installation capacity of PV system – kWp (stc)14 kWpOrientation of the PV system – degrees from South36°Inclination of system (pitch) – degrees from horizontal40°Postcode regionZone 12

Performance Calculations

kWh/kWp (Kk) Shade Factor (SF) Estimated output (kWp x Kk x SF) See sunpath diagrams See sunpath diagrams 12742 kWh Important note: The performance of solar PV systems is impossible to predict with certainty due to the variability in the amount of sunlight from location to location and from year to year. This estimate is based upon a model that takes account of meteorological data at your location and makes an allowance for losses due to shading of the panels. This is a complex calculation however, and no model can be 100% accurate. It should not be considered a guarantee of performance.

If shading is present on your system that will reduce its output to the factor stated. This factor was calculated using industry standard shading methodology and we believe that this will yield results within 10% of the actual energy estimate stated for most systems.

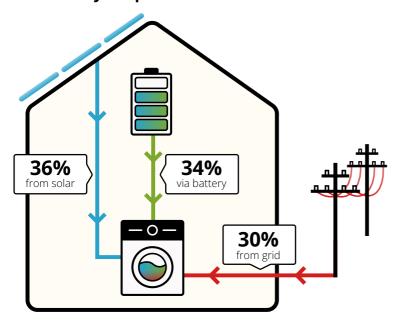
# **Battery Storage**

We have included a 23.2 kWh battery storage unit in this proposal. On sunny days, when your PV array is producing more electricity than you are using in the property, you will be able to store the spare energy and use it at night.

Battery storage systems increase the proportion of electricity generated by a solar PV array that is consumed in the property rather than exported to the grid. Excess solar energy that is not needed during the day can be stored and subsequently used overnight

This leads to financial savings, as you replace expensive imported electricity (at 40p per kWh) with free electricity generated by your solar panels.

## Where will your power come from?



# How battery storage reduces your grid dependence

Including battery storage will reduce your grid dependence by an extra 34% compared with a PV-only system. You should only need to buy around 30% of your power from the grid.



Estimated PV self-consumption – PV only

Annual Power Requirement: 12742 kWh

Assumed occupancy archetype in half the day
Assumed annual domestic electricity consumption 9000 kWh
Expected solar PV self-consumption (PV Only) 3231 kWh
Grid electricity independence / Self-sufficiency (PV Only) 36%

Estimated PV self-consumption - with EESS

Assumed usable capacity of electrical energy storage device, which is used for self-consumption

Expected solar PV self-consumption (with EESS)

Grid electricity independence / Self-sufficiency (with EESS)

20.88 kWh

6335 kWh

Important note: Rather than using the MCS calculation model we have used an alternative calculation system provided by Easy PV to determine the likely self consumption of your property. This may be because the estimated system output for this solar PV system is over 6000 kWh annually, or has a battery capacity of over 15.1 kWh, or there are other factors that mean this calculation system will be more accurate for your specific solar PV system. We have assumed that your annual electricity consumption is 9000 kWh.

The energy performance and benefits of EESS is impossible to predict with certainty due to the numerous functions a system can be programmed to perform. This estimate is given as guidance only. It should not be considered as a guarantee of performance.

# Your energy explained

In addition to the MCS calculation of system output we have run a more detailed model of your system to estimate how much of the electricity generated by the system you are likely to use yourself and how much will go to the grid.

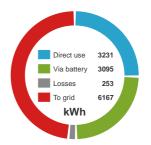
## **Smart Export Guarantee (SEG) information**

The Smart Export Guarantee(SEG) enables Generators to receive payments from electricity suppliers for the electricity they export back to the National Grid, providing specific criteria are met. Your installation will be MCS accredited, which means that you should be able to apply for SEG payments from your electricity supplier. Further details on the SEG and its eligibility requirements, including how to apply, can be found online at ofgem.gov.uk

# Where your electricity will come from in a typical year

Based on an electricity usage of 9,000 kWh per year, the graph below shows how much electricity used in the property is expected to come directly from the solar panels (blue), how much is expected to come from battery storage (green), and how much is expected to be imported from the grid (red).

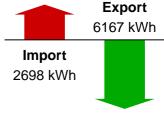
## **Annual Generation**

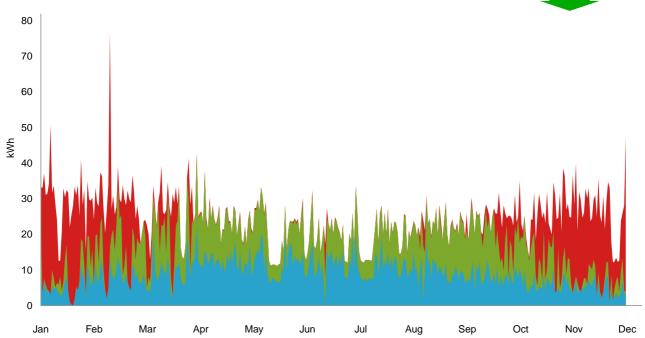


## **Annual Consumption**



## **Annual Import/Export**





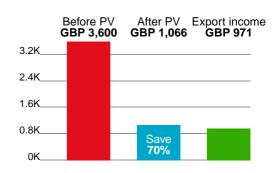
## **Financial Benefits**

Based on our model we expect you to self consume 6,335 kWh of the 12,742 kWh of electricity the system should generate - providing 70% of the annual electricity consumption of 9,000 kWh in the property.

At an electricity tariff of £0.40/kWh, that's a saving of £2,534 on your electricity bill - down from £3,600 at present! Your new bill could be just £1,066 per year.

5,883 kWh of excess solar energy will be exported to the grid. If you are paid by your supplier at £0.17 per kWh, you will receive an additional £971 in income from them.

Overall, your savings and benefits are expected to be around £3,505 in the first year after the system is installed.



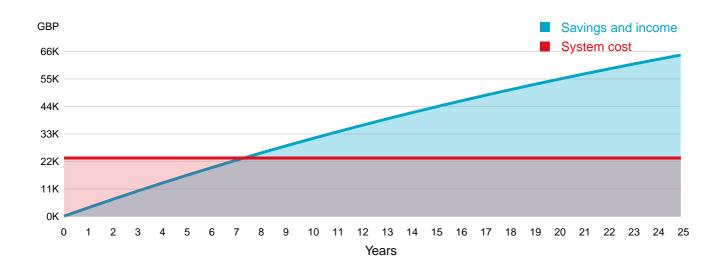
## **Payback**

Using a more detailed model that also takes account of longer term factors such as inflation, gradual degradation in panel output over time and financial discount rates<sup>1</sup>, we expect the system to pay for itself in 7 years.

Over a projected 25 year lifetime, we expect the system to have a **Net Present Value of £41,723**. A positive net present value is a good indication that an investment is financially worthwhile.

Disclaimer: Nothing in life is certain. Cloudy periods, growing trees, and even pigeon droppings can affect the output of your array. No-one really knows how electricity tariffs will change in the future, or what inflation will be in 10 years time. We have based our calculations on an inflation rate of 2%, electricity price that rises with inflation, a discount rate of 4%, an import electricity tariff of 40p/kWh, and export payments of 17p/kWh. Returns are not guaranteed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Financial discounting is a method used to calculate the worth of future money in today's terms.



## **Environmental Benefits**

Your new PV system will supply your property with clean, green electricity - and in sunny periods some will also be exported back to the grid.

Overall you'll be making a big contribution to reducing  $CO_2$  not just by lowering the carbon intensity of your own electricity, but by putting low-carbon electricity back in the grid for others to use too.

Your current electricity supply produces

1,911 kg CO<sub>2</sub>

72% will be supplied by solar, saving

1,369 kg CO<sub>2</sub> each year

6,294 kWh will be exported, saving

1,336 kg CO<sub>2</sub> each year

**Total savings** 

2,706 kg CO<sub>2</sub> each year

Your yearly CO₂ reduction of 2,706 kg is equal to...



a car ride of 9,663 miles



CO<sub>2</sub> absorbed by 124 trees

Disclaimer: We calculate and compare the likely annual  $CO_2$  emissions for your home based on your generation and usage with the solar PV system detailed in this document versus estimates for a property like yours using energy from the grid. Your actual  $CO_2$  emissions will depend on lots of factors, like how much energy your solar panels generate, how much of this energy you use directly and how much energy you continue to use from the grid. To calculate what these savings equate to in miles driven, we base this on the  $CO_2$  emissions of an average sized diesel car as outlined in the UK government's 'Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022' (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022). To calculate what these savings equate to as the average amount of  $CO_2$  absorbed by trees, we base this on a rate of 25kg per tree per year. Trees absorbs anywhere between 10 and 40kg of  $CO_2$  per year on average, depending on a whole host of factors including the species, location, planting density, and age.

# Quote



Lacey LutherQuote reference:848954Village HallQuote date:01/05/2024Ringshall StocksQuote by:James CorstonStowmarketQuote validity:30 days

UK

Description of goods and services		Price
Goods		
32x DMEGC solar panel		£3,203.20
SolaX X3 G4 15.0kW hybrid inverter		£2,716.56
SolaX Triple Power 5.8kWh Battery - TP58 (Primary)		£2,893.66
3x SolaX Triple Power 5.8kWh Battery - TP58 (Sec	condary)	£7,147.14
K2 SingleRail mounting		£2,754.38
Electrical and ancillary items		£2,526.20
Scaffold		£1,500.00
Goods total		£22,741.14
	Total before VAT	£22,741.14
	VAT at 0%	£0.00
	Total including VAT	£22,741.14

## **Order form**

To proceed with this order please sign below to acknowledge that you have read and accept the information contained within this quote document and our terms and conditions.

Customer signature	Customer name	Date